

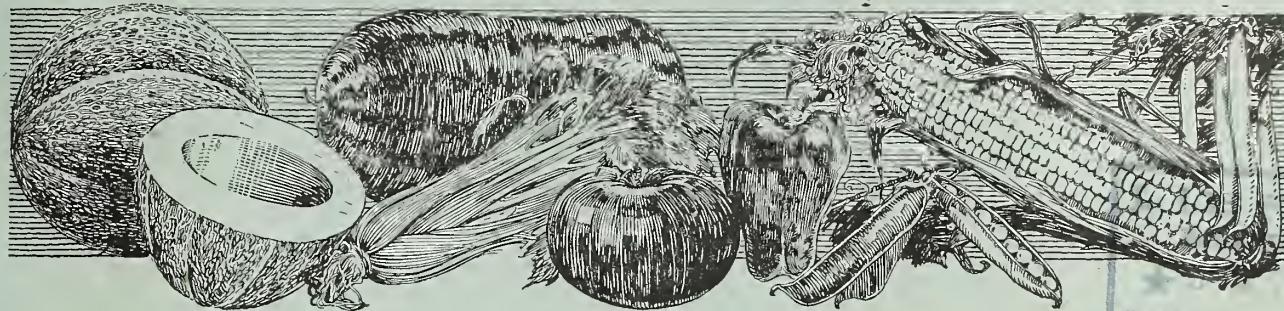
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T.H. Wood & Son,

The Home Garden Special



MARCH 15, 1922

What is Home Without a Garden?

There Are Fifty-seven Reasons Why Everybody With a Patch of Ground at His Command Should Grow a Garden, the Chief of Which is Good Health.

THROW AWAY THE SPRING TONIC

You won't need it if you take fresh vegetables in liberal doses, and there will be no druggist to take the profits that go with drugs, and they are big ones. The one sure way to have this spring tonic at hand in its most effective form is to grow it.

Vegetables furnish a large portion of the essentials for the proper upkeep and development of the human system, which are known to chemists as various salts, usually combinations of various minerals. Iron is one of them, and Spinach has this element in proper form to tone up the system.

THREE TONIC VEGETABLES

Three vegetables, the earliest to be harvested, go a long way towards toning up the human system, furnishing it appetizing food which it craves at just the right moment. These are Spinach, already mentioned for the iron and other elements it contains; Radish and Lettuce, the crops which come on the quickest. Lettuce furnishes the vitamines which are claimed to be so essential to good health.

Spinach can be planted any time from the middle of February to April the 15th. Sowing in rows is the best plan in order to give a chance to hoe the soil and for convenience in harvesting it for the table. Spinach can be thinned automatically as it is pulled, but too thick sowing cuts down the crop, as each plant must have room to develop its leaves.

The planting season for Radishes ranges from January 1st to the middle of April. Radishes do not mind a little frost, so right now is a good time to get them in for the earliest crop. If the biggest and snappiest Radishes are wanted they must have a little attention in the preparation of the soil, pulverizing it for seed and sowing thinly enough to give the little roots time to swell out into the scarlet globes which delight the palate.

Lettuce, a cool weather plant, must be sown as early as the soil can be worked to get a crop, particularly of the head or cabbage varieties. These should be started in boxes in the house or in frames and transplanted six inches apart for best results.

Refer to the Planter's Time Table on page 2 of our 1922 Catalog for information on what, when and how to plant for the Home Garden.

THE PROFITABLE GARDEN

A well-planned garden will double the produce of a haphazard throwing together of seeds into the ground. There are two essentials in making a garden plan: First of all to see that the plants are planted far enough apart to give them ample room for development, and even more to give plenty of room for cultivation, for after the seed is once in the ground, cultivation becomes the main item. This is where more mistakes are made than any other step in gardening. Too often the rows are so closely crowded in an effort to make the ground grow all it will support, there isn't room to walk along and swing a hoe. One row with hoe room is worth two without hoe room, for the hoe means produce.

In our Spring Catalog we tell how far apart vegetables should be in the row and the distance apart in the rows, and these figure on room for cultivation, so when you make your garden plan keep this question in mind, "Will I have room for the hoe?"

KEEP YOUR GARDEN BUSY

Succession cropping is one of the secrets of a successful garden. There is often a tendency to plant, not too much of any one vegetable, but too much of the same vegetable maturing at the same time. For instance, suppose there are fifty feet to be devoted to string beans. Planted all at once, a gardener will have the vines come into bearing from four to six quarts a day if the beans are picked when they are just right in quality. If the family had to devour the output, they wouldn't be able to look at a bean in a short time. The way to solve this problem would be to plant half the row one week and the rest of it the next. Then there would be a succession.

The same scheme applies to Beets, Carrots, Radishes, and all of the quick maturing vegetables. Grade them along, planting just enough to furnish a full meal, with succession plantings to continue the season. If full rows are planted, the owner of the garden should be prepared to dispose of the surplus.

Canning is the best way. String beans canned are a delicious winter vegetable, easily put up, easy to keep, and they are always expensive to buy at the grocers.

It is well to study in advance just what is wanted. If a surplus is desired, plant it. Otherwise economize space and continue the season by successional planting. It takes a pound of beans to plant fifty feet.

WOOD'S SEEDS FOR THE GARDEN

GARDEN PEAS		By Mail—Postpaid				Not Prepaid			
		½ Lb.	Lb.	5 lbs.	Lb.	5 lbs.	10 lbs.		
319 Pedigree Ex. Early.	.20	.35	1.10	.25	.85	1.50			
320 Lightning Excelsior.	.20	.30	1.05	.20	.80	1.40			
321 Ex. Early Alaska...	.20	.30	1.00	.20	.75	1.30			
322 Large Pod Alaska...	.20	.35	1.15	.25	.90	1.60			
326 Petit Pois . . . . .	.20	.35	1.25	.25	1.00	1.80			
328 Eclipse or Surprise.	.20	.35	1.30	.25	1.05	1.90			
329 American Wonder...	.20	.35	1.25	.25	1.00	1.80			
330 Premium Gem . . . .	.20	.35	1.20	.25	.95	1.70			
331 Gradus or Prosp'rity	.20	.35	1.25	.25	1.00	1.80			
332 Thomas Laxton . . .	.20	.35	1.25	.25	1.00	1.80			
333 Nott's Excelsior...	.20	.35	1.20	.25	.95	1.70			
337 Bliss Everbearing...	.20	.35	1.20	.25	.95	1.70			
338 Horsford's M. Gard.	.20	.35	1.15	.25	.90	1.60			
339 Telephone . . . . .	.20	.35	1.30	.25	1.05	1.90			
340 Champion of Eng...	.20	.35	1.20	.25	.95	1.70			
341 Dwf. Cham. or Juno	.20	.35	1.30	.25	1.05	1.90			
342 White Marrowfat...	.20	.30	1.00	.20	.75	1.30			
344 Mam. Lusc'us Sugar	.30	.50	1.85	.40	1.60	3.00			
345 Dwarf Telephone...	.25	.40	1.35	.30	1.10	2.00			

BEETS		By Mail—Postpaid				Not Prepaid			
		Pkt.	Oz.	¼ lb.	Lb.	5 lbs.	Lb.		
68 Wood's Crim. Globe	.05	.10	.25	\$.65	\$ 2.75	\$.55			
69 Crosby's Egyptian...	.05	.10	.25	.65	2.75	.55			
70 Imp. Early Blood...	.05	.10	.20	.60	2.50	.50			
71 Ex. Early Egyptian...	.05	.10	.20	.60	2.50	.50			
72 Extra Early Eclipse...	.05	.10	.20	.60	2.50	.50			
73 Detroit Dark Red...	.05	.10	.25	.65	2.75	.55			
74 Edmand's B. Turnip	.05	.10	.20	.60	2.50	.50			
75 Long Smooth Blood	.05	.10	.20	.60	....	.50			
76 Swiss Chard.....	.05	.10	.25	.75	....	.65			

CABBAGE		By Mail—Postpaid				Not Prepaid			
		Pkt.	Oz.	¼ lb.	Lb.	5 lbs.	Lb.		
90 Wood's Extra Early.	.10	.30	.75	2.60	....	2.50			
91 Copenhagen Market.	.05	.25	.65	2.35	....	2.25			
93 Sel Jers'y Wakefield	.05	.20	.60	2.10	....	2.00			
94 Charlest'n Wak'field	.05	.20	.60	2.10	....	2.00			
95 Early Flat Dutch...	.05	.15	.50	1.85	....	1.75			
96 All Head Early...	.05	.20	.60	2.10	....	2.00			
97 All Seasons . . . . .	.05	.15	.50	1.85	....	1.75			
98 Hend. Early Sum'er	.05	.15	.50	1.85	....	1.75			
99 Early Drumhead...	.05	.15	.50	1.85	....	1.75			
100 Hend. Succession...	.05	.20	.60	2.10	....	2.00			
101 Solid South . . . . .	.05	.20	.60	2.10	....	2.00			
114 CHINESE PETSAI...	.05	.25	.70	2.60	....	2.50			

CARROT		By Mail—Postpaid				Not Prepaid			
		Pkt.	Oz.	¼ lb.	Lb.	5 lbs.	Lb.		
117 Early Scarlet Horn.	.05	.10	.20	.70	....	.60			
118 Oxheart or Guerande	.05	.10	.20	.70	....	.60			
119 Wood's S. In'm'diate	.05	.10	.25	.75	....	.65			
120 Half Long Danvers.	.05	.10	.20	.70	....	.60			
121 Half L. S. S. Rooted	.05	.10	.20	.70	....	.60			
122 Chantenay or Model	.05	.10	.20	.70	....	.60			
123 Imp. Long Orange...	.05	.10	.20	.70	....	.60			

LETTUCE		By Mail—Postpaid				Not Prepaid			
		Pkt.	Oz.	¼ lb.	Lb.	5 lbs.	Lb.		
230 Wood's Cabbage...	.05	.15	.45	1.50	....	1.40			
231 Imp. Big Boston...	.05	.12	.35	1.10	....	1.00			
232 May King . . . . .	.05	.10	.30	1.00	....	.90			
233 Cal. Cream Butter..	.05	.10	.30	1.00	....	.90			
234 Deacon . . . . .	.05	.10	.30	1.00	....	.90			
235 Ey. Curled Simpson	.05	.10	.30	1.00	....	.90			
236 Improved Hanson...	.05	.10	.30	1.00	....	.90			
237 Early Prizehead...	.05	.10	.30	1.00	....	.90			
238 Grand Rapid's . . .	.05	.12	.35	1.20	....	1.10			
239 Crisp-as-Ice . . . .	.05	.15	.50	1.60	....	1.50			
240 Cos, or Romaine...	.05	.15	.85	1.25	....	1.15			
241 Chicken Lettuce ..	.10	.25	.75	2.60	....	2.50			

MUSTARD		By Mail—Postpaid				Not Prepaid			
		Pkt.	Oz.	¼ lb.	Lb.	5 lbs.	Lb.		
290 So. Giant Curled...	.05	.10	.25	.75	....	.65			
291 Ostrich Plume . . .	.05	.10	.25	.75	....	.65			
292 Chinese Broad Leaf.	.05	.10	.25	.75	....	.65			
403 Long Season . . . . .	.05	.08	.20	.60	.50				
404 New Zealand . . . . .	.05	.10	.30	.90	.80				

SPINACH		By Mail—Postpaid				Not Prepaid			
		Pkt.	Oz.	¼ lb.	Lb.	5 lbs.	Lb.		
403 Long Season . . . . .	.05	.08	.20	.60	.50				
404 New Zealand . . . . .	.05	.10	.30	.90	.80				

BEANS.		By Mail—Postpaid				Not Prepaid			
		½ Lb.	Lb.	5 lbs.	Lb.	5 lbs.	10 lbs.		
10 Red Valentine . . . .	.20	.35	\$ 1.10	.25	\$.85	\$ 1.50			
12 Longfellow . . . . .	.20	.35	1.10	.25	.85	1.50			
13 Bountiful . . . . .	.20	.35	1.15	.25	.90	1.60			
14 Giant Stringless . . .	.20	.35	1.20	.25	.95	1.70			
15 Burpee's Stringless .	.20	.35	1.20	.25	.95	1.70			
16 Ex. Early Refugee . .	.20	.35	1.10	.25	.85	1.50			
17 Refugee or 1,000 to 1	.20	.35	1.10	.25	.85	1.55			
19 Tenn. Green Pod . . .	.25	.40	1.80	.30	1.05	1.90			
26 Rustless Gold. Wax .	.25	.40	1.85	.30	1.10	2.00			
28 Pencil Pod Wax . . .	.25	.40	1.85	.30	1.10	2.00			
29 Brittle Wax . . . . .	.25	.40	1.85	.30	1.10	2.00			
31 Hodson Wax . . . . .	.20	.35	1.25	.25	1.00	1.80			

BUSH LIMAS.		By Mail—Postpaid				Not Prepaid			
		Pkt.	Oz.	¼ lb.	Lb.	5 lbs.	Lb.		
37 Wood's Prolific . . .	.20	.35	1.25	.25	1.00	1.80			
38 Henderson's Bush . .	.20	.35	1.15	.25	.90	1.60			
39 Fordhook Lima . . .	.25	.40	1.45	.30	1.20	2.20			
40 Burpee's Bush Lima .	.20	.35	1.40	.25	1.15	2.10			
41 Wilson Bush Lima .	.25	.45	1.50	.35	1.25	2.30			

POLE BEANS.		By Mail—Postpaid				Not Prepaid			
		Pkt.	Oz.	¼ lb.	Lb.	5 lbs.	Lb.		
45 White Ky. Wonder . .	.20	.35	1.30	.25	1.05	1.90			
46 October or Hort . . .	.20	.35	1.20	.25	.95	1.70			
47 Old Homestead . . . .	.20	.35	1.20	.25	.95	1.70			
48 Creaseback . . . . .	.20	.35	1.20	.25	.95	1.70			
50 Cutshort or Cornif'd	.20	.35	1.20	.25	.95	1.70			
51 Lazy Wife . . . . .	.20	.35	1.30	.25	1.05	1.90			
52 Golden Cluster Wax .	.25	.45	1.50	.35	1.25	2.30			

POLE LIMAS.		By Mail—Postpaid				Not Prepaid			
		Pkt.	Oz.	¼ lb.	Lb.	5 lbs.	Lb.		

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